IN THE CLAIMS

1. (Currently Amended) A PCR (polymerase chain reaction) device comprising:

an inlet through which a biochemical fluid is injected; an outlet through which the biochemical fluid is discharged; a PCR channel positioned between the inlet and the outlet;

first and second micro-valves, which control opening and closing of the inlet and the outlet; and

a sol-gel transformable material, which transforms from a sol state into a gel state at a temperature lower than DNA denaturation temperature, annealing temperature and extension temperature and higher than room temperature; the sol-gel material transformable material being positioned in the first and second micro-valves; the sol-gel material being operative to control the opening and closing of the first and second micro-valves.

- 2. (Original) The PCR device of claim 1, wherein the sol-gel transformable material is methyl cellulose.
- 3. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 1, wherein the first and second micro-valves form the inlet and outlet of the PCR device, respectively.
- 4. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 1, wherein the first micro-valve extends in a direction in which the biochemical fluid is injected into the inlet, and the second micro-valve extends in a direction in which the biochemical fluid is discharged through the outlet.

- 5. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 1, wherein the first and second micro-valves are interconnected with the inlet and the outlet, respectively, the first micro-valve branches off from a portion of the PCR channel near the inlet in a different direction from a direction in which the biochemical fluid is injected, and the second micro-valve branches off from a portion of the PCR channel near the outlet in a different direction from a direction in which the biochemical fluid is discharged.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The PCR device of claim 1, wherein the first and second micro-valves intersect portions of the PCR channel near the inlet and the outlet of the PCR device, respectively.
- 7. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 6, wherein one end of the first micro-valve is connected to one end of the second micro-valve.
- 8. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 1, wherein the first and second micro-valves intersect portions of PCR channels of a plurality of PCR devices near inlets and outlets of the PCR devices, respectively.
- 9. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 8, wherein one end of the first micro-valve is connected to one end of the second micro-valve.
- 10. (Withdrawn) A method of regulating opening and closing of an inlet and an outlet of a PCR device, the method comprising:

connecting micro-valves, each of which contains a sol-gel transformable material that transforms from a sol state to a gel state at a temperature lower than DNA denaturation temperature, annealing temperature and extension temperature regarding PCR and higher than room temperature, to the inlet and the outlet of the PCR device; and

inducing a sol-to-gel transformation in the micro-valves using temperature variations in a thermal cycle of PCR.

- 11. (Withdrawn) The method of claim 10, wherein the sol-gel transformable material is methyl cellulose.
- 12. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 2, wherein the first and second micro-valves form the inlet and outlet of the PCR device, respectively.
- 13. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 2, wherein the first micro-valve extends in a direction in which the biochemical fluid is injected into the inlet, and the second micro-valve extends in a direction in which the biochemical fluid is discharged through the outlet.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 2, wherein the first and second micro-valves are interconnected with the inlet and the outlet, respectively, the first micro-valve branches off from a portion of the PCR channel near the inlet in a different direction from a direction in which the biochemical fluid is injected, and the second micro-valve branches off from a portion of the PCR channel near the outlet in a different direction from a direction in which the biochemical fluid is discharged.
- 15. (New) The PCR device of claim 2, wherein the first and second microvalves intersect portions of the PCR channel near the inlet and the outlet of the PCR device, respectively.
- 16. (Withdrawn) The PCR device of claim 2, wherein the first and second micro-valves intersect portions of PCR channels of a plurality of PCR devices near inlets and outlets of the PCR devices, respectively.